

# Safety Data Sheet

according to the (US) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Revision date: 24.04.2018	Version: 6.2	Print date: 24.04.2018	
SECTION 1: Identificatio	n		

#### **Product identifier**

Trade name/designation: Product No.: Synonymes: CAS No.: Other means of identification: Acetone ACS BDH2002 no data available 67-64-1

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use:	For Further Manufacturing Use Only
Uses advised against:	Not for Human or Animal Drug Use

## Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

## Supplier

VWR International LLC	
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	Building One, Suite 200 P. O. Box 6660
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# **Emergency telephone**

Telephone

+1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec, 24 hrs/day, 7 days/week, USA)

#### **Preparation Information**

VWR International - Product Information Compliance

E-mail

sds@vwr.com

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

# 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

## GHS Classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA HCS)

Hazard classes and hazard categories	Hazard statements
Flammable liquid, category 2	H225
Eye irritation, category 2	H319
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), category 3, narcotic effect	H336

## 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200 (OSHA HCS)

Hazard pictograms



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements	
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P261	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC) none/none





# **SECTION 3: Composition / information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Substance name	Acetone
Molecular formula	СНЗСОСНЗ
Molecular weight	58.08 g/mol
CAS No.	67-64-1

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 General information

IF exposed or if you feel unwell: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. If unconscious place in recovery position and seek medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person or a person with cramps. Change contaminated, saturated clothing. Do not leave affected person unattended.

#### After inhalation

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

#### In case of skin contact

After contact with skin, wash immediately with plenty of water and soap. Remove contaminated, saturated clothing immediately. In case of skin reactions, consult a physician.

#### After eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Protect uninjured eye. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

#### In case of ingestion

If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention. Do NOT induce vomiting. Give nothing to eat or drink.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

no data available

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

no data available

#### 4.4 Self-protection of the first aider

First aider: Pay attention to self-protection!

#### 4.5 Information to physician

no data available

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Water spray ABC-powder Carbon dioxide (CO2) Nitrogen





**Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons** no restriction

## 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In case of fire may be liberated: Carbon monoxide Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

DO NOT fight fire when fire reaches explosives. Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and chemical protective clothing.

## **Additional information**

Do not allow run-off from fire-fighting to enter drains or water courses. Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use water spray/stream to protect personnel and to cool endangered containers. In case of fire: Evacuate area.

# **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

In case of major fire and large quantities: Remove persons to safety.

#### **6.2 Environmental precautions**

Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spilled product must never be returned to the original container for recycling. Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

#### 6.4 Additional information

Clear spills immediately.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid: Inhalation Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Use extractor hood (laboratory). If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used. If local exhaust ventilation is not possible or not sufficient, the entire working area must be ventilated by technical means. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Usual measures for fire prevention. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Recommended storage temperature: Ambient temperature Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Keep/Store away from combustible materials.

# 7.3 Specific end use(s)

no data available





# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Ingredient (Designation)	Regulatory information	Country	Limit value type (country of origin)	Limit value
Acetone	NIOSH	US	LTV	590 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 250 ppm
Acetone	OSHA	US	LTV	2400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> - 1000 ppm

#### 8.2 Engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Technical measures and the application of suitable work processes have priority over personal protection equipment. If handled uncovered, arrangements with local exhaust ventilation have to be used.

#### Personal protection equipment (PPE)

Wear suitable protective clothing. When handling with chemical substances, protective clothing must be worn.

*Eye/face protection* Eye glasses with side protection

#### Skin protection

Wear suitable gloves. When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.

By short-term hand contact	
Suitable material:	NBR (Nitrile rubber)
Thickness of the glove material:	0,425 mm
Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time):	10 min
By long-term hand contact	
Suitable material:	Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber)
Thickness of the glove material:	0,50 mm
Breakthrough time (maximum wearing time):	> 480 min

#### Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH approved respiratory protection should be worn.

#### Additional information

Wash hands before breaks and after work. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide eye shower and label its location conspicuously.

*Environmental exposure controls* no data available





# **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance	
Physical state:	liquid
Color:	colorless
(b) Odour:	characteristic
(c) Odour threshold:	no data available

# Safety relevant basic data

(d) pH:	5-6 (400 g/l; H2O; 20 °C)
(e) Melting point/freezing point:	-95.4 °C
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling range:	56.2 °C (1013 hPa)
(g) Flash point:	< -20 °C (closed cup)
(h) Evaporation rate:	no data available
(i) Flammability (solid, gas):	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
(j) Flammability or explosive limits	
Lower explosion limit:	2.6 % (v/v)
Upper explosion limit:	12.8 % (v/v)
(k) Vapour pressure:	233 hPa (20 °C)
(I) Vapour density:	2.01 (20 °C)
(m) Relative density:	0.792 g/cm³ (20 °C)
(n) Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility (g/L):	soluble (20 °C)
Soluble (g/L) in Ethanol:	no data available
(o) Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	-0.24 (20 °C)
(p) Auto-ignition temperature:	465 °C (DIN 51794)
(q) Decomposition temperature:	no data available
(r) Viscosity	
Kinematic viscosity:	no data available
Dynamic viscosity:	0.32 mPa*s (20 °C)
(s) Explosive properties:	not applicable
(t) Oxidising properties:	not applicable

#### 9.2 Other information

Bulk density: Refraction index: Dissociation constant: Surface tension: Henry constant: not applicable 1.3591 (589 nm; 20 °C) no data available no data available no data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

## **10.1 Reactivity**

Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.





## **10.2 Chemical stability**

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

## 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Formation of explosive mixtures with: Oxidising agent, strong Reducing agent, strong Nitric acid Trichloromethane Peroxide Violent reaction with: Alkali (lye) Oxidising agent Reducing agent Exothermic reaction with: Bromine Chlorine

## 10.4 Conditions to avoid

UV-radiation/sunlight

Heat

This material is combustible and can be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment).

#### **10.5 Incompatible materials**

Rubber articles Plastic articles

## **10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

no data available

#### **10.7 Additional information**

no data available

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## **11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

#### Acute effects

Acute oral toxicity: LD50: > 5800 mg/kg - Rat - (RTECS)

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50: > 20000 mg/kg - Rabbit - (IUCLID)

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50: > 76 mg/l (4h) - Rat





#### Irritant and corrosive effects

*Primary irritation to the skin:* not applicable

Irritation to eyes: Causes serious eye irritation.

*Irritation to respiratory tract:* not applicable

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

In case of skin contact: not sensitising After inhalation: not sensitising

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### STOT-repeated exposure

not applicable

# CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity for reproduction)

Carcinogenicity

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

no data available	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

No indications of human germ cell mutagenicity exist.

## Reproductive toxicity

No indications of human reproductive toxicity exist.

#### Aspiration hazard

not applicable

#### Other adverse effects

no data available





#### Additional information

no data available

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Ecotoxicity

#### Fish toxicity:

LC50: 8300 mg/l (96 h) - Cairns, J.Jr., and A. Scheier 1968. A Comparison of the Toxicity of Some Common Industrial Waste Components Tested Individually and Combined. Prog.Fish-Cult. 30(1):3-8

#### Daphnia toxicity:

EC50: 18500 mg/l (48 h) - Randall, T.L., and P.V. Knopp 1980. Detoxification of Specific Organic Substances by Wet Oxidation. J.Water Pollut.Control Fed. 52(8):2117-2130

LC50: 8450 mg/l (48 h) - Cowgill, U.M., and D.P. Milazzo 1991. The Sensitivity of Ceriodaphnia dubia and Daphnia magna to Seven Chemicals Utilizing the Three-Brood Test. Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 20(2):211-217

#### Algae toxicity:

EC50: 7200 mg/l (96 h) - Slooff, W. 1982. A Comparative Study on the Short-Term Effects of 15 Chemicals on Fresh Water Organisms of Different Tropic Levels. Natl.Tech.Inf.Serv., Springfield, VA :25 p. (DUT) (ENG ABS) (NTIS/PB83-200386)

#### Bacteria toxicity:

no data available

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: -0.24 (20 °C)

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil:

no data available

## 12.5 Results of PBT/vPvB assessment

no data available

#### 12.6 Other adverse effects

no data available

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

## Appropriate disposal / Product

Dispose according to legislation. Consult the appropriate local waste disposal expert about waste disposal.

Waste code product: 070104





## Appropriate disposal / Package

Dispose according to legislation. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

## Additional information

no data available

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# Land transport (DOT)

UN-No.:	1090
Proper Shipping Name:	ACETONE
Class(es):	3
Classification code:	F1
Hazard label(s):	3
Packing group:	I
Environmental hazards:	No
Marine pollutant:	no data available
Special precautions for user:	

# Sea transport (IMDG)

UN-No.:	1090	
Proper Shipping Name:	ACETONE	
Class(es):	3	
Classification code:		
Hazard label(s):	3	
Packing group:	Ш	
Environmental hazards:	No	
MARINE POLLUTANT:	No	
Special precautions for user:		
Segregation group:	-	
EmS-No.	F-E S-D	
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code not relevant		

# Air transport (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

UN-No.:	1090
Proper Shipping Name:	ACETONE
Class(es):	3
Classification code:	
Hazard label(s):	3
Packing group:	II
Special precautions for user:	





# SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA 313 Components

Not listed.

Massachusetts Right To Know Components

Listed

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Listed

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Listed

California Prop. 65 Components

Not listed.





# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiensts DOT - Department of Transportation IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA-DGR - International Air Transport Association-Dangerous Goods Regulations ICAO-TI - International Civil Aviation Organization-Technical Instructions IMDG - International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods LTV - Long Term Value NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health NTP - National Toxicology Program OSHA - Occupational Safety & Health Administration PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit STV - Short Term Value SVHC - Substances of Very High Concern **TDG** - Transport of Dangerous Goods TLV - Threshold Limit Value vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative

#### Additional information

Indication of changes: general update

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all-inclusive and shall be used only as a guidance. The information in this document is based on the present state knowledge and is applicable to the product with regard to appropriate safty precautions. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product. VWR International and his Affiliates shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling.

